EXHIBIT 35

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

DONNA CURLING, et al.

Plaintiffs,

V.

BRAD RAFFENSPERGER, et al.,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION

FILE NO. 1:17-cv-2989-AT

DECLARATION OF CHRIS HARVEY

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, CHRIS HARVEY, make the following declaration in support of the State Defendants' Response In Opposition To Coalition Plaintiffs' Motion For Preliminary Injunction On Paper Pollbook Backups in the above-captioned matter.

- 1. I am over the age of 21 years, and I am under no legal disability which would prevent me from giving this declaration. If called to testify, I would testify under oath to these facts.
- 2. I currently am the Director of Elections in the Office of the Georgia Secretary of State. I have held that position since July 2015. From August 2007 to July 2015, I was the Chief Investigator and Deputy Inspector General for the Secretary of State's office, investigating, among other things, potential

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violations of state election law. For more than a decade, I have acquired firsthand knowledge of Georgia's election processes at both the state and county level.

The Electors List

- 3. The Secretary of State's Office provides each county with a paper copy of the official electors list by precinct, which is mandated by state law. The paper copy of the official electors list includes the name, address, date of birth, and district combination information for each voter assigned to a precinct. If the electors list is pulled after a voter has requested a mail-in absentee ballot or the voter has voted absentee, either by mail or in-person early voting, the electors list will include a notation indicating that the voter has voted absentee or requested a mail-in absentee ballot.
- 4. The Secretary of State's Office relies on an outside vendor to print the paper backup of the electors list due to the scope and size of the project. The electors lists are ordered by the liaison for their county, usually starting the Friday after the voter registration deadline, and each list is ordered individually. Larger counties are usually printed last—sometimes not until early in the week before the election to give the counties as much time as possible to enter any remaining eligible voter registrations.

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9. The electors lists provided by county registrars to the poll managers in each precinct are in the electronic pollbooks, which are updated after the close of early voting with current voter information, including whether voters have outstanding mail-in absentee ballots and whether those ballots have been returned or the voter voted in person during early voting.

Processing Absentee Ballots

- 10. Absentee ballots must be returned to the county elections officials by the close of the polls on Election Day, which is 7:00 PM. Although in person early voting ends on the Friday before Election Day, mail-in absentee ballots continue to be received and processed by county election officials after the close of early voting.
- 11. When county elections officials receive a returned mail-in absentee ballot, the county officials review the information of the voter on the absentee ballot envelope to determine whether the absentee ballot should be accepted or rejected. After completing their review, the county elections officials update the information in ENET to show that the absentee ballot was received by the county elections office and either accepted or rejected.
- 12. ENET includes information about absentee voting, including whether a voter has requested a mail-in absentee ballot but not returned it, whether a voter has returned a mail-in absentee ballot, whether the mail-in

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absentee ballot was accepted or rejected, and whether a voter voted in-person during early voting.

13. When a voter requests an absentee ballot but then appears at the polls on Election Day without their ballot in hand, the poll official should check with the registrar to ensure that no absentee ballot has been accepted for that voter prior to having the voter execute a cancellation affidavit and then vote using the BMD. That process applies whether the voter is checked in using the PollPad or a paper list.

The State's Interest

- 14. Printing and distributing an updated list of electors after the end of early voting is not feasible. There are 3,116 precincts throughout the 159 counties in Georgia. Three days is not enough time to print and distribute updated paper copies of the electors list, especially while resources are also needed to finalize preparations for Election Day.
- 15. Moreover, a paper printout of the electors list after the close of early voting would not capture voters who return absentee ballots after the updated electors list is printed and would not eliminate the need for the poll official to check with the registrar prior to allowing the voter to proceed with the voting process.

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I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 25th day of August, 2020.

CHRIS HARVEX